# Row 120

Visit Number: 3f550afcb2319439d13399c50da8b668931a4dbc07564873db7664e8d2bcbe06

Masked\_PatientID: 120

Order ID: a7ffc279afa00f65964c408bf11d92fd52adbf62f3e764149e0b67f57497b4f6

Order Name: CT Chest or Thorax

Result Item Code: CTCHE

Performed Date Time: 10/1/2015 15:17

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY right hypochondriac pain. R pneumonia. newly diagnosed liver lesion ?primary/secondary cancer. TECHNIQUE Scans acquired as per department protocol. Intravenous contrast: Optiray 350 - Volume (ml): 50 FINDINGS Thereis an irregular soft tissue mass measuring 3.4 x 3.3 cm at the apical segment of the left upper lobe. Occlusion of the airways leading to the mass is present. A calcified granuloma is present at the same lobe. No other focal pulmonary nodule is demonstrated. Enlarged lymph nodes are present at the left hilum, aorta pulmonary window, right paratracheal region, left paratracheal region and a prominent subcarinal lymph node is present. A small right pleural effusion is present. The portions of the upper abdomen included on this scan shows the presence of the irregular segment III nodule and the presence of other subcentimetre hypodensities that may represent cysts. CONCLUSION There is a left upper lobe mass with extensive ipsilateral hilar nodes and bilateral superior mediastinal lymph nodes raising possibility of a bronchogenic carcinoma and extensive mediastinal nodal disease. The lesion within the segment III of the liver may represent a metastatic deposit. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 90512ea55192e9e69063bed7efef914326f92036eb54bf99b12cb0d8027bcad9

Updated Date Time: 10/1/2015 15:35

## Layman Explanation

This radiology report discusses HISTORY right hypochondriac pain. R pneumonia. newly diagnosed liver lesion ?primary/secondary cancer. TECHNIQUE Scans acquired as per department protocol. Intravenous contrast: Optiray 350 - Volume (ml): 50 FINDINGS Thereis an irregular soft tissue mass measuring 3.4 x 3.3 cm at the apical segment of the left upper lobe. Occlusion of the airways leading to the mass is present. A calcified granuloma is present at the same lobe. No other focal pulmonary nodule is demonstrated. Enlarged lymph nodes are present at the left hilum, aorta pulmonary window, right paratracheal region, left paratracheal region and a prominent subcarinal lymph node is present. A small right pleural effusion is present. The portions of the upper abdomen included on this scan shows the presence of the irregular segment III nodule and the presence of other subcentimetre hypodensities that may represent cysts. CONCLUSION There is a left upper lobe mass with extensive ipsilateral hilar nodes and bilateral superior mediastinal lymph nodes raising possibility of a bronchogenic carcinoma and extensive mediastinal nodal disease. The lesion within the segment III of the liver may represent a metastatic deposit. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>. In simpler terms, this means...

## Summary

No diseases detected.  
No specific organs mentioned.  
No symptoms mentioned.